#### **Features**

- Operating data rate up to 1.25Gbps
- 1310 nm FP LD Transmitter
- Distance up to 30km
- Single 3. 3V Power supply and TTL Logic

Interface

- Duplex LC Connector Interface
- Hot Pluggable
- Operating Case Temperature Standard: 0°C~+70°C, Industrial:-40°C~+85°C
- Compliant with MSA SFP Specification
- Digital diagnostic monitor interface
  Compatible with SFF-8472





### **Applications**

- Gigabit Ethernet Switches and Routers
  - Fiber Channel Switch Infrastructure XDSL Applications
- Metro Edge Switching

### **Product Description**

The SNR-SFP-LX series single mode transceivers is small form factor pluggable module for bi-directional serial optical data communications such as Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-LX and Fiber Channel 1x SM-LC-L FC-PI. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. This module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 1310 nm.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825. The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The SNR-SFP-LX series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 SFP Multi-source Agreement (MSA).





#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	C C
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	3.6	V

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature		SNR-SFP-LX	0	$\sim$	+70	ĉ
		SNR-SFP-LXI	-40		+85	
Power Supply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>			$\square$	190	mA
Surge Current	ر ا <sub>Surge</sub>			7	+30	mA
Baud Rate			$\sum_{i}$	1.25		GBaud
Total Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>				300	mA
Surge Current		Isurge			+30	mA

# PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS - ELECTRICAL

Parameter	Symbol	Min. 🕞	Тур.	Мах	Unit	Notes
TRANSMITTER						
CML/PECL Inputs(Differential)	Vin	400		2500	mVp	AC coupled inputs
Input Impedance (Differential)	Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage - High		2		3.45	V	
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage - Low		0		0.8	V	
Tx_FAULT Output		Vcc-0.5		Vcc+0.3	V	lo = 400µA; Host Vcc
Tx_FAULT Output Voltage Low		0		0.5	V	lo = -4.0mA
		R	ECEIVI	ER		
CML Outputs (Differential)	Vout	400	800	1200	mVpp	AC coupled outputs
Output Impedance (Differential)	Zout	85	100	115	ohms	
Rx_LOS Output Voltage - High		Vcc-0.5		Vcc+0.3	V	lo = 400µA; Host Vcc
Rx_LOS Output		0		0.8	V	lo = -4.0mA

# SNR-SFP-LX 1.25Gbps

#### 16 dB Power Budget SFP Single-mode Transceiver

Voltage - Low					
	VoH	2.5		V	With Serial ID
MOD_DEF ( 0:2 )	VoL	0	0.5	V	
	VOL	Ŭ	0.0	v	

# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

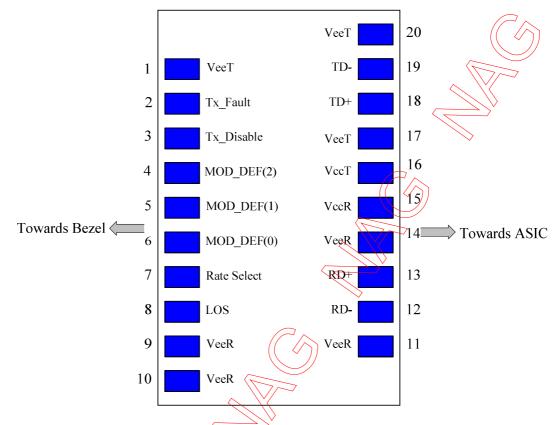
Paramete	er	Symbol	Min.	Typical	/Max.	Unit
9µm Core Diameter SMF	SNR-SFP-LX			20	$\sum$	Km
Data Rat	e			1.25		Gbps
	Transr	nitter		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Centre Wave	length	λ <sub>C</sub>	1260	1310	1360	nm
Spectral Width	(RMS)	σ	(		3	nm
Average Output Power	SNR-SFP-LX	P <sub>0ut</sub>	-6		-1	dBm
Extinction F	Ratio	EX	9			dB
Rise/Fall Time(20	)%~80%)	tr/tf	Þ.		1.2	ns
Total Jitte	ər	TJ			56.5	ps
Output Optica	al Eye		IUT-T	G.957 Co	mpliant	
Data Input Swing	Differential	VIN	500		2000	mV
Input Differential I	mpedance		90	100	110	Ω
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc+0.3	V
I A DISable	Enable		0		0.8	
TX_Fault	Fault		2.0		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
	Normal		0		0.8	v
TX_Disable Assert Time		t_off			10	□S
	Rece	iver				
Centre Wave	length)	λ <sub>C</sub>	1100		1600	nm
Receiver Sensitivity SNR-SFP-LX		PIN			-22	dBm
Output Differential	Impedance	P <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω
Data Output Swing	Differential	V <sub>OUT</sub>	370		2000	mV
Rise/Fall Time		Tr/tf			2.2	ns
LOS De-As	LOSD			-25	dBm	
LOS Asse	LOSA	-40			dBm	
LOS	High		2.0		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
EOO	Low		0		0.8	V

ru

4



### SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin Num.	Name	FUNCTION	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2, Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	Note 3, Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-ØEF1	Module Definition 1	3	Note 3, Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	Note 3, Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 6

## SNR-SFP-LX 1.25Gbps

16 dB Power Budget SFP Single-mode Transceiver

13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	3.3 ± 5%, Note 7
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	3.3 ± 5%, Note 7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5

#### Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 – 10 K  $\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

**Open: Transmitter Disabled** 

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K –  $10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR (see Section IV for further details). Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.



6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 $\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with 100 $\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185–1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

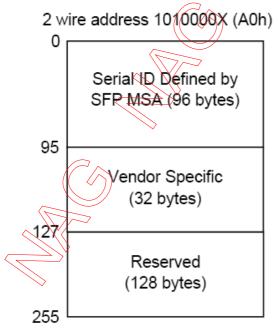
8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 - 2400 mV (250 - 1200 mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 - 600 mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.



#### EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. The diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3



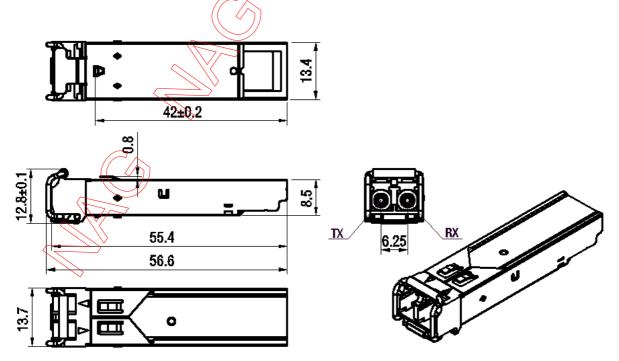
2 wire address 1010001X (A2h)

0	
55	Alarm and Warning Thresholds (56 bytes)
95	Cal Constants (40 bytes)
95 119	Real Time Diagnostic Interface (24 bytes)
119	Vendor Specific (8 ytes)
247	User Writable EEPROM (120 bytes)
247 255	Vendor Specific (8 ytes)
200	



#### **Recommend Circuit Schematic** SFP Module VCC=3.3V Host Board Vcc=3.3V SRES1 RES1 Tx\_Disable Tx\_Fault 0.01µf TD+ Laser PECL 100Ω ≷ Driver À 0.01µf TD-2x150Ω Ş Amplifier RD+ 0.01µf PECL 1000 VCC(+3.3V) 0.01µf RES1 RD+ Photodiode Rx\_LOS Rx\_LOS VCC(+3.3V) Ş ≶RES1X3 Mod def2 EEPROM Mod def1 Mod def0 $\xrightarrow{}$ RES 1 = 4.7k to 10k

**Mechanical Specifications** 





#### **GUARANTEE:**





#### **CONTACT:**

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